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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Mahatma Suffers From Hookworm & Dysentery

Pathologist's Findings Give Clue To Anaemia

GANDHIJI SPENDS RESTFUL DAY

BOMBAY, Monday.

To a group of waiting pressmen to-day, Mr. Pyarelal, Gandhiji's Secretary, gave a copy of the following medical bulletin, which seems to have been in the draft stage since Saturday evening, when Dr. K. T. Gajjar completed a day's critical examination:—"An examination of the stools reveals the presence of amoebiasis and ankylostomiasis. The condition is being treated".

The bulletin also mentioned: "Gandhiji had a quiet day and slept well during the night. He looks rested.

GANDHIJI SLEEPS WELL

Dr. Sushila Nayar, Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Dr. K. T. Gajjar and Dr. P. C. Bharucha signed the bulletin.

Translating these medical terms in popular parlance for the benefit of the press, responsible people at the "Gandhi Gram" said that they mean "chronic amoebic dysentery" and "hookworm infection."

After reading the bulletin, pressmen scoured the city to get an explanation from reliable medical men about the little creature called the hookworm. It is a kind of a round worm, less than half an inch in size, which flourishes in the small intestines. It is called the hookworm because it gets hooked to the inner wall of the intestines. Hookworms live on blood and go on multiplying in the intestines by division.

Hookworm infection is mostly to be found in the rural tracts. It is common in South India and the Punjab.

"CYCLIC"

There is something cyclic about the infection. People get infected by walking bare-footed on soil which contains eggs of hookworms. The soil itself does not produce them. The eggs get into the soil from people who have hookworm infection. In other words the soil gets it from human beings and gives it back to human beings. Excreta is the medium through which the eggs are passed on to the soil. They flourish in wet areas. It is immediately after the eggs hatch that the human system imbibes it through bare feet.

Hookworm larvae remain in the human system for a long time.

THE CURE

According to medical opinion, the hookworm infection can be cured within twenty-four hours. The treatment is oral. A drug is first administered for anaesthetizing or paralysing the worms. The drug is later washed out of the system. The worms get washed out along with the drug. It is only in chronic cases that a second course is administered.

BARE-FOOT WALKING DOES IT.

It is likely that Gandhiji had the infection at Wardha where he used to walk bare-footed.

Amoeba is a unicellular organism found in the intestines. They form into a cyst and pass out with excreta. There is intra-muscular as well as oral treatment for this infection. A complete cure requires about three weeks of treatment.

Medical opinion points out that amoebiasis and hookworm infection could have caused anaemia in the case of Mahatma Gandhi. Of course the attack of malaria which he had at the Aga Khan's palace did have something to do with anaemia. But now, with Gandhiji's vitality being at a low ebb, amoebisis and ankylostomiasis had the upper hand.

These unwelcome parasites seem to have been detected by Dr. Gajjar on Saturday after close scrutiny lasting for a day.

NO VISITORS ALLOWED.

Mahatma Gandhi had complete rest to-day, no visitors being allowed into his shack. The item of "Bhajan" seems to have been cut out of the afternoon programme. He was at the Charkha for a little time. He got some newspapers read out to him. At intervals he was found picking up a paper or two for scanning. "A week with Gandhi" by Louis Fischer seems to be holding the field still since Gandhiji is seen scanning it sometimes.

In the morning, Mr. Shantikumar Morarji who celebrated his forty-third birthday quietly at the "Gandhi Gram", received Gandhiji's blessings though not in a vocal form. Mr. Shantikumar approached Mahatmaji with a portrait of the latter with a request for an autograph. Gandhiji sent him away with a warm patting on the back but later the autograph arrived at Mr. Shantikumar's bungalow with an autograph.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, doing her duty at the "observation post", was alone in her shack this evening partly reading and partly speaking to friends. But all the time she had an eye on the winding pathway which leads to Gandhiji's shack. Visitors who sought for interviews with Gandhiji were only four or five for the day but everyone, including a cine-cameraman had to come away disappointed, after sending in their cards to Mrs. Naidu.

The evening prayers were attended by large crowds.

LOUIS FISCHER GREETS MAHATMA

M.P.'s Invite Gandhiji To London After Recovery

BOMBAY, Monday: "Orient Press" reliably understands that Louis Fischer, well-known American journalist, has sent a cable congratulating Gandhiji on his release and wishing him speedy recovery. He has also mentioned that he is asking permission from the U. S. Government and Government of India to see Gandhiji.

It is further understood that Fenner Brockway, Sorensen and other Labour M.P.'s have invited Gandhiji to London after his recovery in order to convince Mr. Churchill and Mr. Amery in particular and also the British public of the irresistible cause of India.

It is unlikely that Gandhiji will undertake this journey to England as he is reported to be much worried about the food situation in the country; informed circles feel certain that Gandhiji would devote all his energy for solving the food problem for which he is credited with a great scheme.

Meanwhile some Bombay businessmen who are visiting England in connection with the one thousand-crore plan for India's economic and industrial development will work and pave the way for political understanding.—Orient Press.

MAHATMA'S REPLY TO KHAKSAR CHIEF

LAHORE, May 15: "My last year's request to Qaid-i-Azam Jinnah still stands, and I will be ready to discuss the question of Hindu-Muslim understanding as soon as I get better", says Mahatma Gandhi in a telegraphic reply to Allama Mashriqui, the Khaksar leader, who had suggested that the leaders of the Congress and the Muslim League should meet to explore the possibility of a settlement.

Mahatma Gandhi after thanking Allama Mashriqui for his telegram says that he is yet too ill to move about or carry on serious conversations but hopes to be better soon.

It is understood that Allama Mashriqui has telegraphically summoned some of the prominent Khaksars for consultation and there is a possibility of the Allama proceeding to Kashmir to meet Mr. Jinnah and request him personally to see Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

FAITH IN GANDHIJI'S LEADERSHIP

Baroda Praja Mandal Demands Release Of Politicals

KATHORE, May 15.

A resolution reiterating its faith in Gandhiji's leadership was adopted at the second day's session of the Baroda Prajamandal to-day.

By another resolution the Prajamandal demanded the release of all political prisoners and the establishment of a National Government at the Centre.—United Press.

Dentist To Examine Abdul Ghaffar Khan

PESHAWAR, May 15.

It is understood that the Frontier Government has asked Dr. Camphor, dental surgeon, Peshawar, to examine Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan who is stated to be suffering from dental trouble in the Haripur Prison.—United Press.

Eight Congress Workers Jailed

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 15.

The Residency First Class Magistrate of Viramgaum delivered judgment in the case of fourteen Congress workers who had assembled at Rampura village to consider the food problem and who were arrested under D I R 56 (4) Eight workers were sentenced to two months' imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine each, in default to one month more. Five workers were discharged.

'Searchlight' Editor Still Under Detention

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, May 15.

Murli Manohar Babu Prasad, editor "Searchlight," who is under detention since August 1942, has not yet been released.

THREE ACQUITTED.

HUBLI, May 15: A report from Dharwar says that all the three accused in the trial for the alleged burning of the village record of Yadawad, were acquitted to-day by Mr. Harti, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Dharwar.—A. P.

LIFE IN WAR-TIME TOKYO

BERLIN, May 15: The Tokyo correspondent of the German news agency to-day gave this picture of life in wartime Tokyo: "A.R.P. trenches have been dug in front of every house. A.R.P. exercises are held daily in one street or another. Almost every Jap wears a green utility suit with a simple cap to match. Only about 20 per cent of the women still wear kimonos. Others wear so-called mom-pehs a kind of loose-fitting slacks In Hibiya Park students and office employees train for military service. Tokyo goes to bed early. Little traffic is to be seen in the blacked out streets at night. This is no time for night lie. All night clubs and bars were closed at the beginning of the year".—Reuter.

NEW TITLE OF FRENCH GOVT.

ALGIERS, May 15: The French Consultative Assembly by unanimous vote to-day moved that the French Committee of National Liberation assume the title of "Provisional Government of the French Republic".

Another motion unanimously adopted by the Consultative Assembly was a vote of confidence in the Government to conclude agreements with the Allies for the administration of liberated territories and to see that armistice terms when concluded contained clauses favourable to France.—Reuter.

Labour Solicitude For World's "Poorer Peoples"

LONDON, May 15: Labour party's report on full employment and financial policy to be submitted to the Party Conference at the end of this month declares: "outside Europe—in Africa, India and China—half the population of the world lives in the deepest poverty, ill-fed, ill-clothed and dwelling in squalor. We can help them meet their urgent needs. The standard of living of the poorer peoples of the world can be raised through the International Development Board. It would be the business of this body to use the immense industrial resources of the wealthier parts of the earth to raise the productivity and the purchasing power of the thousand million human beings who live in China, India and Africa, and who are at present without the elementary means of subsistence."

The report recommends no return to the gold standard; international arrangements for stability in foreign exchange rates; reduction of tariffs and the planning of imports and exports.

PLEA FOR INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT BOARD.

The creation of an International development Board under the terms of the Economic Agreement with the dominions, United States, Russia and other Governments is suggested in the report by the National Executive Committee of the Labour Party, entitled "full employment and financial policy".

The report urges that the proposed economic agreement should control and raise the purchasing power of the world, keep it constantly at level, giving full employment everywhere, and guarantee the stability of the principal rates of exchange. "There must be no return to the gold standard or to any system of automatic and rigid rates of foreign exchange that might force this country to reduce its monetary expenditure and create unemployment because some other country was suffering from depression".—Reuter.

More Textile Dealers Hauled Up

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, May 15.

It is reliably understood that the Textile Commissioner has asked to the District authorities to call off licenses of about fifteen cloth merchants of Ahmedabad.

It is understood an inquiry was made for breach of Cloth Control Order and a similar inquiry is also going on against five or seven mills.

It is further understood that licenses have been submitted to the Textile Commissioner for further action.

UNION BOARDS FOR DESTITUTE RELIEF

CALCUTTA, May 15:—The Bengal Government will shortly enforce throughout the Province the Bengal Unemployed and Poor Relief Act of 1939, under which every Union Board in the distressed areas will be required to open a poor fund by collecting local subscriptions. The Government will make a contribution of Rs. 100 to each Union Board for credit to the fund. Government will also make a payment equivalent to any amount which the Board may collect locally.

LONDON, May 15:—It is understood that the Dominion Prime Ministers will not immediately disperse when the Conference ends, but remain in London and continue to attend War Cabinet meetings in order to keep in touch with the present war operations.

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (July)

New York, May 15.

Previous closing	20.55
To-day's opening	20.57
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	20.61
Difference	+.06

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

NEW YORK, May 15.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices General Motors dol. 58-5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 25
U. S. Steel common unquoted.
U. S. Steel pref dol. 125.—Reuter.

Calcutta Stock Exchange

CALCUTTA, May 15.

The market ruled steady and active after the weekend. The volume of business was large and satisfactory. Government securities were unchanged.

Major General W. D. A. Lentaigne, D.S.O., who succeeded Major General Wingate as Commander of the Special Force

South African Reds Take Up Indians' Cause

Lead Mass Parade In Durban Streets And Hold Open Air Meeting Against Segregation

DURBAN, May 14.

Thousands of Indians to-day paraded through Durban streets and held a mass open air meeting under the auspices of the Communist Party to protest against the recent agreement whereby the Pegging Act will be replaced by a Licensing Board.

The meeting, which was addressed by Dr. Yasuf Addoo, repudiated the agreement on the grounds that it constituted statutory segregation in exchange for rights for a few wealthy Indians.

The meeting demanded abrogation of the agreement and repeal of all discriminatory legislation.—Reuter.

BRITAIN CURTAILS PASSENGER TRAINS

LONDON, May 15: Many more British passenger trains will be discontinued without notice during this summer, announces the Railway Executive Committee.

Already a number of trains have had to be discontinued.

Rundstedt To Be Dismissed?

The Soviet News Agency to-day quoted a Geneva report stating that differences of opinion between Marshal Rommel and General von Rundstedt are reported to be leading to the imminent dismissal of General Rundstedt from his job as Commander-in-Chief of Western Europe.

General Rundstedt is said to have refused to take orders from Rommel who was appointed representative of the German Supreme Commander in Western Europe.

PALME DUTT TO CONTEST AMERY'S SEAT

LONDON, May 15:—The Vice-Chairman of the British Communist Party Mr R Palme Dutt has been adopted as the prospective Communist candidate for the Sparkbrook division of Birmingham, the seat at present held by the Secretary of State for India Mr. Leopold Amery.

Mr. Dutt, who is one of the leading intellectuals of the party, is the son of the surgeon Upendra Krishna Dutt and Anna Palme of Calmar, Sweden. He is the editor of a Labour monthly and former editor of "The Daily Worker." He has written a number of books, including "Modern India" in 1926, "India Today" in 1940, and "Guide to the problem of India" in 1942.

DERRIEN REFUSES TO SIGN APPEAL

ALGIERS, May 15.—It was confirmed to-day that Vice-Admiral Edmond Louis Derrien, former French Naval Commander in Tunisia, has refused to sign an appeal against the sentence of life imprisonment on the grounds that it would be just delaying action.

Indian Foodgrains For Hedjaz?

NEW DELHI, May 15: The Food Advisory Committee of the Central Legislature held to-day considered a proposal for the export of 2,000 tons of food grains to the Hedjaz by Muslims in India and recommended that the Food Member should first be fully satisfied that distress to justify the export actually existed in the Hedjaz, and secondly that the grain should be sent, if at all, as a free gift.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

LATEST FROM ITALY.

From Reuter's special correspondent:—

Advanced Allied headquarters in Italy May 15: 'Two-thirds of Marshal Kesselring's 'Gustav line' has now been torn to ribbons. There are indications that the Germans are reinforcing their Liri Valley defence.

Marshal Kesselring may decide to fight a grim delaying action with what strength he now has in the "Gustav Line", throwing in all his extra power into the Hitler Line, 10 miles farther back. The German claim is that this second line is far more formidable than "Gustav Line."

AIR ATTACK ON COLOGNE

Targets In France And Low Countries Also Bombed

LONDON, May 15.

From Reuter's air correspondent:—Allied air offensive has been stepped up to-day after the lull of Sunday, strong forces of medium bombers started to cross the south-east coast soon after daybreak and attack by all types of aircraft has been almost continuous since. The first official report of the targets came from the United States air headquarters which announced that "Liberator" and "Fortresses" of the Eighth airforces escorted by "Mustangs" attacked German military installations in northern France this morning.

A British Air ministry "communique" to-day stated: "last night Mosquitos of the bomber-command made an attack on Cologne. Objectives in France and the Low countries were also bombed and mines were laid in enemy waters. None of our aircraft is missing".—Reuter.

14 NAZI PLANES SHOT DOWN OVER ENGLAND

LONDON, May 15:—A British south-west town had its heaviest barrage for two years last night when the Germans were over south and south-west England. A Communique today said "Bombs were dropped at widely scattered points, causing some damage and casualties, including a small number of people killed. Fifteen enemy aircraft were destroyed, 14 over this country and one over its base in France."

The Germans said they made a heavy attack on Bristol and other important targets on south-coasts.—Reuter.

TWO AXIS VESSELS DESTROYED

CAIRO, May 15.—A Middle East Air Communique to-day stated: 'Beaufighters' attacked two vessels heading for a small island in Eastern Aegean and destroyed one. Later they attacked another vessel which blew up. Another formation of 'Beaufighters' encountered three float planes in the Central Aegean and shot down one.

ALLIES BREACH 'GUSTAV LINE' IN SEVERAL PLACES

Kesselring Prepares To Fall Back On 'Hitler Line'

LONDON, May 15.

From Reuter's special correspondent at the Allied headquarters in Italy:

The Gustav Line has been effectively breached with the capture of San Ambrogio, Valle Maio and the key town of Ausonia, which controls the Upper Ausente Valley. Ausonia was until recently the headquarters of a German Division.

The prisoners taken since the start of the new offensive total over 2,000.

KESSELRING MANS HITLER LINE

Kesselring is beginning to man his Adolf Hitler Line defences in the rear of the Gustav Line.

These formidable defences, to which Hitler gave his name as a token of their invincibility, run through five towns on the edge of the Liri valley. The five defended localities are Piedimonte, Aquino, Pontecorvo, San Olivia and Esperia.

FRENCH ATTACK ON SAN GIORGIO

French troops are at present attacking San Giorgio, a small town straddling the lateral road from the Cassino coast and lying four miles above Ausonia. These troops belong to a different French column from that which captured Ausnia. San Giorgio is more than five miles on from San Ambrogio, whose capture was announced in to-day's communique.

NAZI ADMISSION

The German Trans-Ocean News Agency stated to-day: "German troops in the San Andrea sector were withdrawn yesterday evening to a new position in accordance with orders received."

LONDON, May 15.—To-day's German 'communique' said that Germans retired a few kilometres south of Cassino.

EIGHTH ARMY PENETRATES DEEPER

To-day's Allied 'communique' said:—More progress has been made by the Allied armies in Italy in their attack on the Gustav Line. Eighth Army troops in the Liri Valley have penetrated deeper into the defences overcoming fierce resistance in many places and have mopped up the strong points of the enemy, which had been by-passed in the first 24 hours.

French troops of the Fifth Army after capturing the dominating mountain Monte Majo, an important bastion in the enemy defence line, have been quick to exploit their successes. Pressing forward in the mountains with infantry and tanks they have captured more hill features—San Ambrogio, Valle Maio, and Ausonia. Thus a significant breach has been made in the Gustav Line. Enemy strongpoints have been by-passed and mopping up continues.

American troops have also advanced and cut the Ausonia—Formia road. A large number of prisoners have been taken and heavy casualties inflicted on the enemy.

INDIANS DEEPEN WEDGE

Kesselring yesterday launched a series of counter-attacks in an unsuccessful attempt to punch out the dents driven into his Gustav Line.

Indian troops have deepened their wedge into the German defences across the Rapido and on the Fifth Army front. French troops have cut the Cassino-Mamurrano lateral road. The village of Santa Maria Infante near the road has been captured.

GURKHAS OCCUPIED SAN ANGELO

From Reuter's special correspondent with Indian troops on the Eighth Army front: It can now be stated that the Indian troops which occupied San Angelo on Saturday were Gurkhas.

Eighth Army troops hurling back German counter-attacks south of Cassino have pushed forward parallel to Highway No. 6 the main inland road to Rome. Four officers and 117 other ranks of the German first parachute division defending Cassino have been captured.

NAZI WEAPONS

Allied tanks and infantry advancing south-west of San Angelo are finding the going very difficult. The Germans are using tanks and self-propelled guns all along the Liri Valley front. Allied sappers report that German mines are not very numerous but they are leaving booby traps. A new method is to put these mines among branches of trees overhanging the tracks.

GERMANS GAIN SOME GROUND

From Abdul Khalek Quereshi, A.P.I. correspondent with the Eighth Army Indian troops. While Indian troops on the Adriatic sector are maintaining reconnaissance thrusts south of the newly-gained town of Palena, the Germans on Sunday morning made a company attack on Indian positions nine miles inland. The Germans gained some ground in the attack. Allied troops are now vigorously counter-attacking.

Tito's Men Capture Starigrad Port

LONDON, May 15:—Marshal Tito's forces have recaptured Starigrad harbour on Hvar island 25 miles south of Split, said today's communique from Marshal Tito's headquarters. There is relative calm in Central and West Bosnia."

CHINESE RECAPTURE SUIPANG

Jap Bid For Control Of Canton-Hankow Railway

CHUNGKING, May 15.

The Chinese high command announce that the Chinese have broken the Japanese hold on the Peiping Hankow Railway, recapturing Suipang.

The Japanese at Chumatien, five miles to the south, are encircled, it added.

The Japanese troops battering at the walled city of Loyang in Honan smashed the walls at three points but the city is apparently still in Chinese hands. Fighting is going on on the outskirts of the City, stated Chinese war "communique," but the Japanese have been halted.

After the fall of Loyang which is regarded as inevitable, the Japanese may push west as far as Tungkwah at the bend of the Yellow River. The ultimate Japanese objective, however, is believed to be control of the Peiping-Hankow and Canton-Hankow railways rather than any major offensive into western China. American and Chinese planes are giving strong support to the Chinese ground forces in Honan.—Reuter.

COMPENSATION FOR CITY FIRE DAMAGES

Ordinance To Legalise Settlement Of Claims In Offing

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, May 15.

An ordinance legalising the settlement of claims from Bombay fire is expected to be issued very shortly, I learn.

The total loss on civilian account in Bombay fire is estimated here to be about 35 crores.

The Government of India, I learn, have offered to pay 70 per cent of the claims payable under Fire policies, 50 per cent under motor vehicles and 33 1/3 per cent under Marine Policies.

Insurance Companies have been asked to pay 15 per cent of Fire Insurance claims and the balance to be left over after Government would settle claims on behalf of Insurance Companies and recover payment from Insurance Companies probably in instalments.

A legal tribunal is expected to be appointed to settle uncovered claims, Government fixing the scale of compensation.

Regarding the cases of people who have lost their all, they are likely to be treated sympathetically by an award of lump sum compensation. Government offices are also busy planning the rehabilitation of Government estate destroyed by fire, such as dock facilities.

CITIZENS EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND

Previously acknowledged 11,51,836-15-6; American Woman's Club of Bombay and the American Association of Western India, Rs. 2,000; Bombay Advocates' Association, Rs. 1,201. The total receipts amount to Rs. 11,57,350-0-6. (Amounts less than Rs. 1,000 omitted).

LEAGUE COMMITTEE AND PUNJAB PREMIER

Time For Submitting His Explanation Extended To May 22

NEW DELHI, May 15.

The Committee of Action of the All-India Muslim League has decided to extend upto May 22, the time given to Malik Khizr Hyat Khan, Premier of the Punjab, to explain his position with regard to the points raised in Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan's letter to him.

The resolution passed by the committee of action says:

"The committee of action of the All-India Muslim League, after carefully examining the letter of Malik Khizar Hyat Khan Saheb dated May the 8th. Received from him in reply to the communication addressed to him by Nawabzada Liaquat Ali Khan on behalf of the Committee, are of the opinion that it avoids giving categorical replies to the specific points on which his explanation was asked for and makes merely vague and ambiguous assertions and tries to sidetrack the issues by introducing extraneous considerations which have little bearing if any, on those points. The Committee report that Malik Saheb did not avail himself of the suggestion of the convener to come to Delhi to explain in detail "the background and the circumstances" under which, he says, his statement of the 20th April was made and in which the objectionable passages occur.

The Committee in compliance with the request contained in Malik Saheb's telegram of the 13th extend the time for his further explanation to the 22nd of May. The Committee will be prepared to meet him if he wishes to put in a personal appearance and intimates to the convener on or before the 22nd instant his desire to do so, who will inform him of the time, date and place of the next meeting of the Committee."—A. P.

STATES LEAGUE CABINET

BHOPAL, May 15—A meeting of the Working Committee of the A.-I. States Muslim League will be held on May 25 and 26 in Warangal (Hyderabad State) simultaneously with the annual session of the Majlis Tehsil Musleman, Hyderabad (Dn.)—A.P.

STATES MINISTERS

SIMLA, May 15.—It is reliably understood that the study circle of the Ministers of Indian States will meet in Bombay next month and that the Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes will meet in July, 1944.—A.P.

31 GIRLS KIDNAPPED: NINE PERSONS ARRESTED

MADRAS, May 15: The Crime Branch of the City Police have arrested and produced before the Third Presidency Magistrate to-day nine persons, including five women, on a charge of kidnapping and selling minor girls. According to the chargesheet these persons had kidnapped 31 minor girls from Madras City and sold them in Hyderabad State between February, 1942 and 1944. Twenty-four of the girls have so far been rescued.—A. P.

Wassoodev To Adjudicate

The Bombay Government has appointed Mr. K. B. Wassoodev (Retired Judge of the High Court of Bombay) to adjudicate in the dispute between the B.E.S. and T. and its "Non-Scheduled" employees of the Kingsway Workshop.

CONGRESS TO CONTEST CIVIC ELECTIONS

BENARES, May 15.—The released Congressmen of Benares are understood to have decided to contest the forthcoming Municipal elections in November, 1944. A committee of five Congressmen, including Mr. Sampurnanand, ex-Minister, will select candidates.—A.P.

ALLIES CAPTURE THREE JAP POSITIONS.

From Sam Jacket A.P.I. special correspondent at Kandy, May 15.

After an all day battle, Allied troops in a three directional attack on the high ground west of the Naga Village on the outskirts of Kohima have captured three important Japanese positions all strongly bunkered and prepared. Allied troops with the control of the highground are now in a strong position and the Kohima ridge holds the tactical key to the whole of Kohima. The Allies are in possession of the Naga village itself while the Japanese hold the pimple on the eastern outskirts.

JAPS USE NIGHT-FIGHTERS

The Japanese are now using night-fighters in an effort to disrupt air-borne supplies and reinforcements to the Allied landing strips and strong-points inside Japanese-occupied Burma.

Five miles from a landing strip, a big 'Dakota' was about to circle prior to landing, when a tracer streaked past the cockpit. It came from a Japanese fighter. Later the Dakota's transmitter was shot to pieces and with one engine knocked out crippled machine was landed. The Japanese ended the attack by dropping a bomb, which exploded harmlessly forty yards away.—A.P.

CHARCOAL PRICES

The Government of Bombay has issued an Order fixing ceiling prices for the sale of charcoal in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District, as follows:—

	Wholesale. Rs. a. p. per qr.	Retail. Rs. a. p.
Ordinary Charcoal	1 7 0	1 10 0
Small Charcoal (Khar).	0 15 0	1 2 0

These prices are inclusive of the cost of delivery at the consumer's place.

The Order directs the dealers not to withhold sales, to display conspicuously at the shops copies of the Order and to issue cash memos giving full and correct particulars regarding the sale of charcoal.

Breach of the Order is an offence punishable with imprisonment or fine, or both. The Order comes into force from May 16, 1944.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 15: Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at eight hours on 11-5-44:—

Allahabad 110 82 0, BOMBAY 95 83 0, Cawnpore 109 79 0, Cuttack 108 83 0, Darjeeling 64 52 1.9, Delhi 108 81 0, Dehra Dun 99 68 0, Jacobabad 102 76 0, Karachi 87 78 0, Lahore 105 74 0, Lucknow 111 79 0, Madras 98 82 0, Nagpur 111 84 0, Patna 107 79 0, Peshawar 99 77 0, Shillong 78 60 0, Simla 76 59 0.—A. P.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Do not be content with the mere technicalities, the mere texts and letters of the constitution that you would give us, but be human in your vision and try to understand that even as you cherish liberty, so do we, a modern nation, cherish the dream of liberty. Do not drive us into being narrow nationalists when some of us by temperament, tradition and every conviction in our beings are internationalists, without undue sense of race and country. Make it possible to achieve that India, that free India, which will stand side by side with you with a bond of silk and not with a fetter of iron binding us to you.

I dream a dream, not of some distant future, but of some immediate time when this will be possible; when you make bravely, spontaneously, that 'beau geste' of abdication, for that is what lies at the root of our demand. When you have abdicated nobly your claim and title, when you have by your own abnegation of many materialistic interests risen to the height of your own spiritual greatness, stretch your hand in fellowship and we shall not be lacking in the response that bids you "Hail, but not farewell."

—Sarojini Naidu at the Round Table Conference, Nov. 30, 1931.

The Bombay Chronicle

INDUSTRIES IN INDIA

British businessmen have been much perturbed by the war-time expansion of industries in India, by the prospect of wider expansion after the war, and in particular by the growing interest in the Bombay industrialists' 10,000 crore plan. "The market in India," says the "Manchester Guardian", "has been transformed by the war and will be transformed again after the war. Unless she keeps pace with these changes Britain will not secure a proper share of India's enormous pent-up demand." The "Guardian" is also alarmed, though needlessly, by the Government of India's recent decision to permit immediate capital issues by new or existing concerns for post-war industrial development. Hitherto the raising of capital for such long-range schemes was allowed only if their promoters had a definite scheme and had reached some preliminary agreement with suppliers of machinery. The control has now been relaxed to some extent to permit planning of post-war projects. But—here is the rub—investment in such issues does not entitle one to carry out the proposed schemes except within the limits of Government's over-all plans. We shall presently see that whatever menace there is in India to British vested interests, it will not be from the present Government of India.

It is interesting to see that the "Economist" sees a greater danger in the Bombay Plan than in Congress and Gandhiji. "The Indian industrialists," it says, "who have been the financial prop of the Congress Party have now come out in the open and taken the initiative from politicians who have failed to deliver the goods." Of the plan itself the paper says: "If this sort of programme becomes the new Congress policy, the political question at once becomes whether National Planning of the kind seen only so far in Germany and Russia is either possible in India or desired by the Indians. The issue ceases to be one of national independence and democratic freedom (old slogans of nationalism) it becomes one of State planning of most authoritarian kind." More interesting still is the "Economist's" view that, though medical grounds are obvious for Gandhiji's release, "perhaps the most significant reason is a political one." We are left to infer—it is, indeed, broadly suggested—that to the British businessmen Indian industrialism is a greater menace than Indian nationalism and that Gandhiji, who is, "in effect a political dictator of Indian nationalism" is released to counteract the growing influence of the industrialists. If this is sense, here is a special reason for the release of other nationalist leaders to strengthen Gandhiji's hands.

British businessmen's fears about the Government of India's latest decision about capital issues are baseless. That Government knows its position and relation to the British Government. Its permission to raise capital for long-range schemes is subject to the policy of industrial regulation that may have to be devised after the war. But it has taken care not to indicate now what that policy will be like. So few businessmen will be able to take risks. According to its notification, "it is impossible to foresee to-day what regulation of certain industries may be called for by the future progress of industrial planning, and it will have to be made clear to the public in every case that the collection of the capital will not create a vested interest entitling the company to claim exemption from any such regulation, or any special priority under such regulations. We are told further that Government's consent to any proposed issue "will be entirely without commitment as regards restrictions imposed or that may be imposed in future under other laws and for purposes different from the objects of that act. No part of the capital raised and invested in Government Securities will be released until the Government are satisfied that the time has come to make corresponding payments for purposes which are consistent with the enforcement of any measures of control or restriction that may be in operation at the time when such release is applied for." So even a concern's own capital raised and compulsorily invested in Government securities will not be released unless the Government thinks that the time is ripe for the favour and is satisfied with the way it will be used on release. Mr. G. D. Birla naturally wonders how "with such uncertainty the Government expects a sane investor to invest his money and an honest management to invite capital for a new concern." The worst is yet to be told. As the present restrictions are not binding on foreign manufacturers they can start big projects now and leave no room for Indian competitors later. Mr. Birla has good ground to complain that, "while the foreign manufacturer may be free to expand, the indigenous enterprise is bound hand and foot." British businessmen need fear nothing from the present Government of India. They may note, however, that all classes of men in India, nationalists and industrialists, employers and employees, workers and peasants, all are determined to end Britain's domination in India, economic as well as political. Their relations with the India of the future must necessarily depend upon whether they help or hinder the long-delayed change.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

What A Fall!

The Delhi correspondent of the "Times" is not the only person seeking to discredit the Kasturba Memorial Fund. Mr. V. D. Savarkar, of all men in India, has made common cause with him by asking Hindu Sanghatanists "not to contribute a pie to the fund" as, according to him, "to contribute to it is tantamount to strengthen and thus enable the very party amongst the Hindus which is pledged to break up the Hindu solidarity and to surrender Hindu rights in the name of the Hindus themselves." Such stuff brings no credit either to the Sanghatan movement or to Mr. Savarkar; nor will it do the least harm to Congress or the Kasturba Fund, as we shall see soon enough. Nor need one take it too seriously.

A Congress Creed

Mr. Savarkar says that the Kasturba Fund is not meant to honour patriotic Indian women sufferers and for distribution amongst them. The Congress, he adds, has condemned the martyred husbands, sons or brothers of these women "who were not worthy of even grateful recognition". We do not understand which political sufferers precisely are referred to here. The Congress has always been the foremost in relieving suffering, particularly that of political workers. It will continue to do so when specific cases of distress are brought to its notice to the best of its ability.

"JINNAH SAVIOUR OF MINORITIES"

Punjab Achhut Girl Leaves Govt. Job To Work For League

DELHI, May 13.

A public meeting was held under the auspices of the Delhi Provincial Muslim League to enlighten the public about the Punjab Ministerial affair. Resolutions condemning the unconstitutional action of the Punjab Governor in dismissing Capt. Shaukat Hayat and also condemning the behaviour of the Punjab Premier in this unhappy affair, were passed.

Some of the members of the Committee of Action were also present at the meeting. They explained the Pakistan scheme and urged on the Muslims the need for great sacrifice on their part to achieve Pakistan. It was made clear that all traitors when found out would be severly dealt with as it would be most dangerous and harmful to allow such people to change sides at the eleventh hour.

Nawabzada Liaqat Alikhan assured those assembled that disciplinary action will be taken against the Punjab Premier but observed Committee of Action could not pronounce any judgment before giving the accused an opportunity to explain his position.

The President of the Punjab Achhut Sabha addressing the meeting disclosed that four Achhuts including one girl had resigned from Government service only to go to Punjab for propagating League ideals. The girl who resigned called Mr. Jinnah as the Moses who will create unnecessary [illegible]

VAIDYA TO GO ON HUNGER-STRIKE?

(From A Special Correspondent.)

LONDON, May 15.

There is just a possibility of Mr. Suresh Vaidya going on hunger strike.

Contrary to expectations Mr. Vaidya whose appeal was heard three days ago by a tribunal and was recommended for discharge from the army has not been released yet. He has been taken under military escort to his unit. It is understood that he will be released when necessary formalities have been completed.

Mr. Vaidya who looked cheerful was seen off by his wife.

It is understood that prisoner Vaidya is determined to fight the Tribunal recommendation as it is conditional. His contention is that only a Free Indian Government can compel him to work and he regards himself as a free citizen like a Russian or Swiss citizen whose nationals in this country cannot be directed by the British Minister of Labour to do any work.

Inquiries among his friends suggest that Mr. Vaidya might go on hungerstrike. He is however advised by his friends to desist from taking this extreme step.

INDIA'S STATUS IN COMMONWEALTH

Newzealand Premier's Appeal To Gandhiji

LONDON, May 14.

New Zealand's Prime Minister, Mr. Peter Fraser, discussing India in an interview with the political correspondent of "Reynolds' News", said: "I am personally sorry that events have not developed to a point at which India could be sitting in conference with us as a British Dominion rather than with her present status. In common with other friends of India, I was deeply disappointed when the offer made on behalf of the British Government by Sir Stafford Cripps was not accepted by Congress leaders and other responsible Indians. I hope that the recent release of Mr. Gandhi will make possible resumption of negotiations for the attainment of that form of self-Government which will enable India to feel herself fully independent, facing and coping with her own problems and at the same time maintaining her position inside the British Commonwealth".

"Our experience in New Zealand has convinced us that there is no freer national status possible than that which is enjoyed by the sovereign states of the Commonwealth. I have a great respect for Mr. Gandhi and I hope that he will devote the remaining years of his life to helping India attain that status.—Reuter.

Aftab Ali's Warning To American Workers

NEW YORK, May 15: Mr. Aftab Ali, President of the All-India Seamen's Union, declared tonight (Sunday) that American workers should remain vigilant to avoid the blunders committed after the first world war.

He said: "Unless the entire world comes under democratic influence after the war a third global war will result." Mr. Ali was the guest of honour at a reception given by Indian workers here.—Reuter.

REHABILITATION SCHEMES

Bombay Mayor's Suggestions

Mr. Nagindas T. Master, the Mayor, has issued the following statement:—

"On Wednesday, the 10th May 1944, I had a conference at Mandvi with the representatives of the various commercial associations situated in the Mandvi locality at the Grain Merchants' Hall, Mandvi, whom I had requested to meet me and who were good enough to respond to my invitation. The conference was to consider several matters arising out of the recent disaster. The problem of housing or providing residential accommodation, even temporary, until normal conditions returned is very acute. Besides the question of providing residential accommodation, there was the urgent necessity of restoring normal channels of trade and business and of providing immediately temporary godowns and business premises. Unless this was taken up immediately, not only would there be dislocation of trade, but there was a great risk of diversion of trade from this City and a financial crisis. I had a prolonged discussion with those present about these questions and the ways and means firstly for providing residences, temporary though they may be, and, secondly, allowing temporary godowns and premises for business to be set up. I pointed out that a town planning scheme in the devastated areas was absolutely necessary even though it would take time. Some provisional measures were, therefore, urgently necessary. I suggested as a temporary measure that the various Wadis, Mushafarkhanas, Dharamshalas and similar places in the city should be availed of for temporary accommodation. As they stand, these Wadis, etc., would not perhaps be quite suitable for residence but they could be temporarily altered by putting up partitions therein and providing suitable conveniences and thus made habitable for families and individuals. I agreed that this could go but a small way, but any accommodation, however small, should be welcome. I am glad to say that this suggestion was appreciated and agreed to and I have taken it up in hand. I, therefore, appeal to all persons in charge of Wadis, Musafarkhanas, Dharamshalas and similar places to help me and co-operate with me in this direction. I shall be much obliged if those in charge would kindly see or communicate with me.

TEMPORARY STRUCTURES

To put up temporary structures in the city and the suburbs was a further way of meeting this problem for residences. I assured those present that both the City Engineer and the Municipal Commissioner were doing their best in this behalf and the matter was under very careful consideration. The difficulty, however, was to secure building materials. I told those present that I would again take up this question with the proper authorities and that I trusted that the question of immediately releasing building materials would be considered in the same spirit of co-operation as is being given so far in other matters. About temporary godowns and business premises I told them that that also was being looked into and that I did not think that there would be any objection to allow erection of temporary godowns for resuming the trade. There was, however, the difficulty of getting materials for these temporary structures also but I was taking up this matter also with proper authorities. I had no doubt about the requirements of the business community being met with very promptly and at a very early date. I am glad to say that there would be no objection to or difficulty in allowing temporary godowns being set up.

At the Conference a reference was made to the numerous places taken charge of for military purposes and a suggestion was made whether such places or at least a sufficient number of them could not be released for affording temporary accommodation to those dishoused in the disaster. I informed those present that I was going to take up this matter also with the authorities and would do my best in that behalf.

At this conference a suggestion was made for setting up a Claims Registration Bureau. I am glad to say that as the Indian Merchants' Chamber have since taken steps in that behalf as appears from the Press, my Committee do not propose to duplicate the work and create unnecessary [illegible]

WILL CONGRESS ACCEPT IDEAL OF STATE CAPITALISM?

"Economist" On Indian Industrialists' 10,000-Crore Plan

LONDON, May 15: The 'Economist' says that the physical reasons for Mr. Gandhi's release are obvious but perhaps the most significant reason is political. A contest has already started for control of his Congress party's policy. Many millions of the poorest Indians still look with love and reverence to Mr. Gandhi, who could still be the figurehead of a popular movement but is not likely to be its real director.

TATA-BIRLA PLAN

Indian industrialists who had been the Congress Party's financial prop have now come into the open and taken the initiative from the politicians, who have failed to deliver the goods. The industrialists have proposed a striking programme for Indian economic development. The so-called Bombay or Birla-Tata plan did not deserve the sweeping condemnation initially passed by the British Press. Nevertheless it is not a very impressive document. In view of enhanced post-war price level, the plan's costs are almost certainly much underestimated. The amount of 'created money' needed to finance the envisaged investment would be considerably larger than the plan suggests and the probability of inflation corresponding.y greater.

WILL CONGRESS ACCEPT?

The methods by which this massive investment programme could be actually implemented are not made clear whether by forced savings and compulsorily curtailed consumption or by inflation itself and to what extent. Nevertheless the plan's political implications are plain enough. Its authors themselves envisage rigorous Government control of practically every aspect of economic life, temporary eclipse of individual liberty and freedom of enterprise and they postulate a central directing authority enjoying sufficient popular support and the requisite powers. If such a programme become the new Congress policy the political question becomes whether national planning such as hitherto seen only in Germany and Russia is either possible in India or desired by Indians.

STATE PLANNING POLICY

The issue ceases to be national independence and Democratic Freedom—the nationalists' old slogans—and becomes one of state planning of the most authoritarian kind. The Bombay plan has had the most significant double effect on Indian politics, particularly Congress politics. Its conception of state planning attracted support from many Congress followers and other nationalists who were disillusioned about liberal nationalism—on the other hand the plan caused great anxiety among convinced democrats. Imputing deliberate ulterior political motives to the authors would be unfair. A practical and effective programme to increase India's national income per head is the most urgent necessity and the Bombay industrialists should probably be congratulated for nailing their colours to the mast.

This planning project fits other tendencies in present Indian thought and politics. The war has brought increasing authoritarian rule both at the centre and the provinces, increased planning of Indian resources and enlargement of Indian industry. Moreover last year's terrible famine whose consequences are by no means spent underlines the dire Indian poverty. Thus businessmen, for so long the powers behind the Congress throne, have chosen the moment well to turn the Congress Party's attention from the old interpretation of Dominion Status to Five Year Plans. The Bombay plan or some other economic reconstruction scheme is essential.

GANDHIJI'S STAND

Mr. Gandhi foresaw the present situation long ago when he determinedly set his policy not towards national strength and material wealth but towards national freedom in the old traditional and spiritual wealth but towards national freedom in the old traditional and spiritual ways of poverty and good life

STATE CAPITALISM

The materialism which Mr. Gandhi always distrusted is now coming into its own. By increasing Indian industrialisation, the war has increased the political strength of Indian industrialists, who have some influence on the present Viceroy's Council where the old style Nationalist politicians of the Congress and the Moslem League by their own refusal have shown not suddenly it seems, that Indian Nationalism may aim not at some form of democracy fitted to India's peculiar needs and circumstances but state capitalism. The moment may have even come when English socialists and Liberals who so long demanded the end of imperialism from Indian exploitation. The parallel of China where the fervent and popular Nationalist movement has temporarily resulted in control of a financial dynasty with maladministration and acute economic difficulties among the masses of the people and a stout and wary communist fringe is apt but not very encouraging.

PARTY STANDPOINTS

Mr. Rajagopalachari proposes to turn back the clock, the "Economist" continues. He believes that Liberal nationalism can still be saved and does not believe that the Congress party's rank and file is either wedded to the intransigence of its older leaders or attracted by the new conception of progress by industrial planning. If Mr. Rajagopalachari is right, if alongside the evident disillusionment there is also a new will to co-operate, both outside and inside the Congress Party, the British and Indian Governments have the plain duty to try again. There are other signs that the sudden lifting of the voice of business and fear among would-be Liberals of Authoritarian developments has inspired a new wish to work out India's salvation in the democratic British way. The Moslem League is not a democratic body but its policy is anti-industrial and implacably opposed to "the Hindu millionaires."

INDO-AMERICAN DEAL

Radical Democrats have stated their fears and wishes frankly but despite the intelligence of many of their younger leaders, radical democrats are not a big factor and certainly are outnumbered by the Communists who, however, are still apparently nonplussed by the appearance of big business bearing their own banker of planning.

The question is whether these Indian democrats, who are turning to co-operation with the British in order to avoid "millionaires exploitation of India" or the possibility of a deal between Indian and American businessmen, are sufficiently important to offer a chance of solution.

British and Indian Governments may reasonably doubt it; nevertheless, much good might be facilitated if the deadlock were now tentatively broken by a renewal of negotiations on the Cripps Lines with a proviso that Indian politicians must first reach a sufficiently broad agreement to make its political execution probable.

POST-WAR INDIA.

That could enable the utmost participation in the conduct of the war with freedom to work out plans for the economic development and the political independence of post-war India on the basis of political freedom and social justice but nothing can be contemplated which might plunge India into a renewed conflict during wartime and unfortunately there are as many signs to-day in India of social revolution and counter-evolution as of resurgent democratic nationalism. The saving graces were that British wartime rule is much criticised. All groups look to Britain to implement their schemes. All take for granted that the British pledge of Indian independence is real. So far they all assume British disinterestedness. This concensus is both a tribute and a challenge, the "Economist" concludes.—Reuter.

LABOUR MOVE TO OUST AMERY

Plea For Support Of Palme Dutt's Candidature

(From Our Correspondent)

LONDON, May 15.

The Whitsuntide Conference of the Labour Party is likely to turn out the stormiest for years.

Labour circles will be surprised to discover that delegates to the Conference urging for strike will be liable for prosecution under Bevin's Strike Regulations.

The Amalgamated Engineers Union and its President Jack Tanner now reveal they were not consulted by Mr. Bevin before the regulations were made. Three large Unions, Unions of Miners, Engineers and Shop-assistants will be opposing the order when matter comes up before the Conference.

Over the Indian issue there is expected to be a demand on Party not to contest Sparbrook Division of Birmingham in the next general election but support Communist candidate Palme Dutt. Thus help Mr. Dutt in a straight fight to defeat Amery.

Of course it is possible that Mr. Amery who is presently over 70 may not prefer to contest a seat in the general election.

Whether Mr. Amery moves to the Upper House is a matter for speculation.

If by Whitsuntide there is no material improvement in the Indian political scene Labour members of the Cabinet will have faced severe criticisms for Government of India's policy.

Although Miss Ellen Wilkinson (former champion of Indian freedom and personal friend of Pt. Jawaharlal and Gandhiji) as Chairman will justify Labour Ministers' share in shaping the present India policy under Churchill's Government, Prof. Harold Laski, Party's Vice-Chairman is expected to denounce party leadership over the India issue and demand Mr. Amery's resignation.

CALCUTTA, May 15: To advise them on matters relating to supplies and distribution of consumer goods, the Government of India have decided to set up an advisory body of about 25 official and non-official members to be called the Central Consumers' Council, it is learnt here.—A. P.

JAPS ENCIRCLED IN POTSANGBAM VILLAGE

Chinese Troops Make Contact With Allied Forces And Reach Outskirts Of Warong

KANDY, May 15.

The South-East Asia Command "communique" to-day states that near Bishenpur, the Japanese strong point in Potsangbam village is now almost encircled.

Allied positions on the Palel road were subjected to heavy artillery fire on May 13 but no attack developed.

In two separate sweeps by Japanese aircraft over Imphal and Kohima areas R.A.F. fighters intercepted more than 20. They destroyed three probably shooting down three more.

READJUSTMENT OF JAP POSITIONS

Southwest of Kohima, mopping up operations continued. The Japanese are leaving behind mines and "booby" traps and are understood to be regrouping in strength on the Aradura spur south of Kohima. To the north-east, Allied advances forced a Japanese readjustment of positions.

Chinese Advance

East of the Mogaung river, Chinese troops have captured Tarongyaung and have made contact with Allied forces at Manpin. Further south, Chinese troops have fought their way to the outskirts of Warong.

20 JAP INTERCEPTORS.

In a further strike against Meiktila and Heho airfields U.S.A.A.F. fighters encountered more than 20 enemy aircraft, shooting down four with three probably damaged without loss to themselves.

Yesterday and on Saturday R.A.F. attacked Japanese troop concentrations and other targets in Arakan, Kaladan, Bishenpur and Kohima areas.

In North Burma U.S.A.A.F. attacked enemy positions in the Mogaung sector. Long range R.A.F. fighters damaged much rollingstock and road and river transport on the Arakan waterways and in the Prom-Henzada area.

During the night of May 13 the Strategic Air Force attacked the Indaw railway station. In daylight of May 14th U.S.A.A.F. bombers successfully bombed Monywa and scored hits on the Tiddim road. From all these operations one Allied aircraft is missing."

Battle For Kohima

KOHIMA FRONT, May 13.

From D. R. Mankekar, A.P.I. war correspondent:—

The battle of Kohima is essentially a fight on our part to eject the Jap clinging to his well-dug and positioned bunkers. This is particularly so at the present stage of the battle when we are practically in possession of almost every one of the six hill features but for small pockets of resistance in almost each of them. These "pockets" consist of bunkers from which the enemy has been desperately hurling defiance at our forces completely surrounding them.

To sum up the situation in the whole of the Kohima area, we have almost cleared the Naga village of Japs but for the southern outskirts and the adjacent treasury hill which is still in complete possession of the Japs. Of the Six Hill flanking the road on the opposite side of the village, Summerhouse Hill has been always in our possession. Kuki picket has been the scene of fighting but the Japs still have strong hold on it. Gpt ridge, Dis ridge, Jail Hills and F.S.D. Ridge are in our hands but for small pockets of resistance in the shape of sp bunkers which are

ROCKET GUN ATTACK ON JAP BARGES

Advance Allied H. Q. in New Guinea, May 15.

A military spokesman disclosed here today that rocket guns mounted on planes have been used with considerable effectiveness in attacks against Japanese barges.

On May 12 rocket gun equipped "air-Cobras" and "dauntlessness" attacked barges in Simpson harbour and Kerevia Bay, new Britain, sinking between 30 and 40.

The Spokesman said that several direct hits were scored on barges by rocketguns. Rocketguns usually numbered four, under the leading edge of each wing.—Reuter.

CHINESE CROSS SALWEEN.

CHUNGKING, May 15: To-day's Chinese High Command Communique announced: "During the nights of May 10, 11 and 12 large forces of our troops crossed the Salween river at many ferry points on a front of over 100 air line miles. The ferry operations were carried out rapidly without opposition. A number of minor clashes have taken place.

At certain points the enemy counter-attacked in force. The casualties were heavy on both sides. Chinese troops are pressing forward".—Reuter.

BRITISH CALLOUSNESS ASTOUNDS U.S. SENATOR

NEW YORK, May 14.

Reviewing the Book "Tell The Folks Back Home" by Senator James M. Mead of New York, one of the five Globe-trotting Senators, Frank S. Adams of the "New York Times" says, "Mead has written a breezy, brash, entertaining book in which he does not back down on a single one of the points in dispute between the Foreign Affairs Committee and its critics.

India made Senator Mead angrier than anything else he saw on the 45,000 mile trip.

He was shocked that at the time when thousands of starving people lay on the sidewalks of Calcutta, the authorities were still devoting precious space in freight cars to race horse en route for the Calcutta Gold Cup'

Cooperative Men's Guild Condemns Govt.

LONDON, May 14.

The National Co-operative men's guild conference viewed with alarm the lack of action by Government to bring about a lasting settlement of the serious situation in India and its failure to implement the principles of the Atlantic Charter ensuring for the people of India self-Government and freedom from want.

The resolution urged Government to release political prisoners and to call together representatives of all sections of Indian political opinion for the purpose of setting up a Government fully representative of the Indian people aided if necessary by enlightened representatives of the

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

BOMBAY, May 15.

In a statement issued in his "personal capacity", Mr. V. D. Savarkar, the Hindu Mahasabha leader, characterises the Kasturba National Memorial Fund as a "Congressite Fund" and exhorts Hindu Sanghatanists all over India "not to contribute a pie to the fund" as, according to him, to contribute to it is tantamount to strengthen and thus enable the very party amongst the Hindus which is pledged to break up the Hindu solidarity and to surrender Hindu rights in the name of the Hindus themselves.

* * *

Japan, says Tojo, will fight to the finish.

By "finish," does he mean Harakiri?

* * *

In Burma, said the Honourable Tojo, "Japanese forces have thrust across the border into India and are now pressing on Imphal".

How reassuring! But why is he so silent about the humanitarian Japanese forces coming to liberate India?

* * *

LONDON, May 14: The Indian troops fighting again in the Cassino sector belong to a seasoned Indian formation, it is now revealed.... Like other Indian formations, its personnel is partly British and partly Indian, the latter representing all parts of India, from the North-West Frontier Province and Nepal to Madras.

At least the Nazis cannot complain of Indian disunity!

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS

(Perpetrated By the Junior Colleague)

(1) *One of the 253 Stalin Prizes has been awarded to Mr. Churchill for his outstanding contribution to the cause of—world revolution!*

(2) *Another Stalin Prize has been awarded to ex-Mayor Masani for his most original interpretation of Marxism in terms of the "trusteeship of the owning classes".*

(3) *A Stalin Prize has also been awarded to Comrade M. N. Roy, the greatest living Communist in the world, for his services to the cause of—counter-revolution!*

(4) *The Kasturba Memorial Fund is Gandhiji's "secret weapon" against Imperialism—at least the "London Times" correspondent thinks so.*

(5) *The Kasturba Memorial Fund is Gandhiji's not-so-secret weapon against Hindudom—or at least Vir Savarkar thinks so!*

(6) *National War Front marches on, mobilising the nation for the war effort—by holding musical concerts!*

(7) *The N.W.F., says a wag, having already waged war on the nation will now wage war on Indian music!*

National War Front

New Orientation In Its Policy And Programme

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, May 15.

Sir Sultan Ahmed, Member for Information is contemplating new orientation in the policy and programme of the National War Front, I learn.

It has been felt here sometime that communal harmony is the real and lasting foundation of public morale. People divided by castes and religion were the real danger to the public morale and the department will make strenuous efforts to bring about Hindu-Muslim amity.

It is emphasised that the National War Front is a non-political body and therefore Hindu-Muslim unity campaign will be based on social and economic plan and divorced from political aspect of the problem. The campaign is being planned at present and is expected to be launched early in June.

Meanwhile the top personnel of the National War Front is being changed. Mr. P. J. Griffith has already retired from the organisation and Dr. Behanan is expected to retire shortly. A Non-official Indian with faith and vision in Hindu-Muslim unity is being appointed.

Sir Sultan who is leaving for Simla tonight will return to Delhi at the end of this month when he is expected to unfold his plans.

CALCUTTA, May 15. Four Sick destitutes died yesterday in Calcutta hospitals.

Bombs And Leaflets Unearthed

PATNA, May 15: Bombs, dynamite, high explosives and some prejudicial leaflets have been unearthed in an uninhabited temple in the village Nulkuchak under the jurisdiction of the Dighwara police station in the Saran district on May 10, says a report in a local paper. No arrest was made so far.—United Press.

Maharashtra Congress Secretary Released

POONA, May 15: Mr. G. A. Deshpande, Secretary, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee, has been released unconditionally. He had already been released on parole on medical grounds.—A. P.

PREJUDICIAL DOCUMENTS.

CALCUTTA, May 15: The Special Branch police searched a house in South Calcutta yesterday and arrested a person for possessing some alleged prejudicial documents.—United Press.

RELEASES AT MADRAS.

MADRAS, May 15: Seven more detenus have been ordered by the Madras Government to be released. The question of releasing a few more prisoners is under consideration.

The total number of persons still under detention under the Defence of India Rules is officially stated to be 810.

The release of Mr. Diraviyam, a former student of the Annamalai University, from detention has also been ordered by the Government.—United Press.

NATIONAL GUARDS' GOC RELEASED

J. Veer GOC of the Bombay National Guards has been released unconditionally after twenty months de-

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CONCERT OF INDIAN MUSIC

Organised by
THE SONG PUBLICITY BRANCH OF THE NATIONAL WAR FRONT, BOMBAY

at 6-15 p.m.

ON
TUESDAY 16th May 1944

in
SHRI SUNDERBAI MEMORIAL HALL,
Queen's Road, Near Central Offices, Bombay

Prof. B. R. DEODHAR, B.A.,
Principal, School of Indian Music, Bombay,
has kindly consented to preside

PROGRAMME
(i) Harikirtan by Kirtankar Chimanlal Raval.
(ii) Powadas by Shahir Khadilkar.
(iii) Songs by:—
Dr. G. S. Patankar
Mr. A. I. Mevawalla
Mr. Mahomed Siddiq
(iv) Dance Recital by Ramesh Desai and Party.

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Music: MIRSAHEB
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OF MUSIC & DANCES
AT
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IN PRAKASH'S ROMANTIC SOCIAL
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with
PREM ADIB & RATNAMALA
Directed by: SHANTI KUMAR
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The most talked of PICTURE in BOMBAY—
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Daily 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

ZENANA SHOW
TO-DAY AT 1-30 P.M.
RANJIT'S
SHANKAR-PARVATI
LAST THREE SHOWS TO-DAY
4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

Leela CHITNIS

IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.
Advance Booking— 9-30—12 Noon.

APPLAUDED FOR ITS MUSIC
So scintillating that its Echo will be heard in every heart
BOMBAY TALKIES'
CHAR-ANKHEN
Story & Screen play by: AMIYA CHAKRABARTY
Directed by—
SUSHIL MAZUMDAR
Starring:
LEELA CHITNIS, JAIRAJ
ASHALATA
with P. F. Pithawala, Nandkishore & PAL MAHINDRA

मुनो रे सुनो कान्हाने.....

TO HER PILGRIMAGE WAS MORE IMPORTANT THAN HUSBAND'S LIFE!
RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
MALI
(HINDUSTANI & MARATHI)
Direction: K. DATE
Starring
MASTER KRISHNARAO, AMIR KARNATAKI, BABY NALINI.
Hindi 4 & 10. Marathi 7. Sat. Sun. Fri., 1 p.m. Booking 10-30 to 12-30, 5 to 6 p.m.
7TH Week of FULL-HOUSES
NOVELTY

36th WEEK OF FAME!

RAJKAMAL'S & V. SHANTARAM'S
SHAKUNTALA
Starring
JAYASHREE
Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Fri., Sat., Sun. 1-15 p.m.
SWASTIK
(OLD PATHE)

HERE IS EAST'S ANSWER TO WEST!
BHAL G. PENDHARKAR'S SCINTILLATING SOCIAL
SOONBAI
Starring
DINKAR KAMANNA
SUMATI GUPTE
MASTER VITHAL
G. KOLHATKAR
A 'FAMOUS ARUN' PRODUCTION
Daily 4, 7, 10 Sat. Sun. 1 P.M.
An 'I. F. C.' RELEASE
CENTRAL

Meet SHOBHANA SAMARTH
The NORMA SHEARER
of the Indian Silver Screen
in
"NAI DUNIYA"
(NEW WORLD)
'ROYAL'-JEWEL No. 19
Directed by KARDAR
Now in Glorious
4TH WEEK
at the
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7, 10,
and Sat., Sun. Matinee 1 p.m.

THE RULES OF HEALTH are few and simple
Excuse me— Inner Cleanliness comes first!

for Inner Cleanliness
ANDREWS
LIVER SALT
for Health

CITY AND SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Vaishakh Vad 9, 2000
Muslim: Jamadi-ul-Avval 22, 1363
Parsi: Ader 15, 1313
Sunrise: 7-5 a.m., Sunset: 8-4 p.m.
Hightide: 6-11, 19-00, Lowtide: 0-38, 12-09.

To-day's Engagements

GATHA SOCIETY: Public meeting in the Library Hall of the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 136, Apollo Street, Fort, today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m (S.T.) Mr. B T Anklesaria, M.A., will continue his discourse on "The Sacred Manthra Ahunavairya in the Gathas and the later Avesta and Pahlavi literature."

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND
Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 2,34,09,670-9-3; Grand Total as on May 13: Rs. 2,34,06,761/6/3.

EXPLOSION INQUIRY: The Commission of Inquiry into the Bombay explosion will visit the R I N Hospital at Sewri at 10-55 a.m on Wednesday to take evidence from a naval officer.

BANKER'S CLEARING HOUSE:—Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 12th May 1944 were as under:—Number of Cheques: 1,31,011. Amount of Cheques: Rs. 35,15,54,403-6-6.

MERCHANTS HIT HARD BY CLOTH CONTROL
Maharashtra Chamber's Plea To Textile Commissioner

The Cloth Control Order was the subject of a lively discussion at the second quarterly general meeting of the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce held at the office of the Chamber, Industrial Assurance Building, Church Gate, on Monday evening. The meeting also decided to invite the Textile Commissioner to their office and to put before him the difficulties of the cloth merchants.

The question of the protection of war-time industries in the post-war period was also discussed at the meeting.

Mr. M. L Dahanukar who presided prayed in the course of his remarks for the speedy recovery of Mahatma Gandhi and urged upon the Government to release other members of the Congress Working Committee. The speaker stressed the need on the part of the Government to see that such disaster as the recent explosion did not occur again. He also urged upon the Government the necessity of making a definite announcement undertaking to make good the loss sustained by the public, as also the payment of compensation to those who had suffered.

AHMEDABAD MERCHANTS LICENSE CANCELLED

The licence granted to Mr. Chhotalal Harilal Dudhia, of Ahmedabad, under the Bombay Cotton Cloth Dealers Licensing Order, 1943, has been suspended by the Government of Bombay pending decision of the prosecution launched against him for alleged breach of the provisions of the Cotton Cloth and Yard (Control) Order, 1943

Training In Oil-Pressing

Mr V. L. Mehta of the A I V I A. writes:

We have received many enquiries for admission into our Gram Sevak Vidyalaya for receiving training in oil-pressing. In the present circumstances, it is not possible to start the full course of 10 months which included instruction in some theoretical subjects in addition to practical training in industries. But to meet the demand of intending candidates we have decided to start a short course of three months' duration, for training in oil-pressing. The course will begin on 1st July, 1944. The tuition fees charged for three months' training will be Rs. 30/- Selected deserving candidates may be exempted from the payment of fees.

Applications for admission should reach this office before June 10, 1944. Prospectus for the course can be had from the Secretary, All India Village Industries' Association, Maganvadi, Wardha.

DEMOLITION OF DAMAGED BUILDINGS BEGINS

Charred Fragments Of Sergeant-Major Lyons' Body Discovered

The demolition of damaged buildings and godowns on the east side of the Railway line and the removal of debris by the Military began on Monday. Owners of the affected buildings in the area had been granted a week's notice to remove their valuables and goods from the debris. The work of demolition and removal of wreckage will now be pursued without the consent or in the absence of the owners.

There seems to be a dispute between the house owners and the insurance companies regarding removal of debris. The owners of insured buildings claim that they cannot remove the debris, because the interests of the insurance companies are involved. The latter, on the other hand, maintain that as the question of their liability has not yet been decided, they would not undertake the responsibility of removing the debris.

But the authorities are not going to sit idle and if those directly interested in the houses do not make arrangements to remove the wreckage, the work will be done through official agencies.

On the report of the City Engineer that dangerous buildings and walls on the west side of the railway line have been pulled down, it has been decided that owners and tenants of buildings who were not able to view their property till now should be permitted to do so from Tuesday. House owners who desire to remove the debris and building materials from their premises will also be permitted to do so from the same date. From Wednesday onwards the work of removal of debris will be started by the Municipality and owners and tenants will be allowed to be present so that they could remove whatever might be their property.

Charred fragments of a body were discovered on Saturday from the debris in the Bombay dock, after about a month of fires and explosions in that area. The body has been identified as that of Company Sergeant-Major J. W. Lyons who was on duty at the docks on the day of the explosion and was reported to be missing since then. A leather strap which he used to wear and his pay book gave the clues.

S. Indian Khaksars Differ From Allama
Will Meet To Discuss Formation Of Separate Unit

MADRAS, May 13.

Disagreeing with Allama Mashriqi's recent threat to Mr. Jinnah that if Mr. Jinnah did not meet Gandhiji and arrive at a settlement of the Hindu-Muslim question, Khaksara would take the matter in their own hands, the Chief Organiser of Khaksars in the Madras Presidency and Mysore State, has called a special meeting of the Khaksars under his jurisdiction for consultation whether to continue as Khaksars or form a separate unit in the south disowning Allama's leadership or change the name of the organisation and work for the same principles.

The proposed meeting will take place on the 28th of this month.—Orient Press.

SAVARKAR SEES RED IN KASTURBA MEMORIAL FUND
Characterizes It As Congressite And Exhorts Sabhaites Not To Contribute

BOMBAY, May 15.

In a statement issued in his "personal capacity", Mr. V. D. Savarkar, the Hindu Mahasabha leader, characterises the Kasturba National Memorial Fund as a "Congressite Fund" and exhorts Hindu Sanghatanists all over India "not to contribute a pie to the fund" as, according to him, to contribute to it is tantamount to strengthen and thus enable the very party amongst the Hindus which is pledged to break up the Hindu soolidarity and to surrender Hindu rights in the name of the Hindus themselves.

Mr. Savarkar says that the Kasturba Memorial Fund is not meant to honour patriotic Indian women sufferers and for distribution amongst them. The Congress, he adds, has condemned the martyred husbands, sons or brothers of these women "who were not worthy of even grateful recognition".—United Press

Defence Counsel Questions Validity of Warrant For Arrest Of Ex-Dewan

The validity of the warrant, issued by the Cutch Political Agent for the arrest of Mr. Suryashankar Devshankar Mehta, a former Dewan of Cutch State was challenged by the defence counsel at the resumed hearing on Saturday before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, and also of the proceedings instituted for surrendering Mr. Mehta the Cutch authorities.

The warrant inter alia stated that he was wanted in Cutch to answer charges of cheating and falsifying accounts.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Defence counsel, submitted that he did not know on what specific charges it was claimed Mr. Mehta should be extradited from British India.

Mr. Desai stated that it Mehta knew exactly what he was charged with, he would be in a better position to make a statement. He added that an inquiry to ascertain the truth of the allegations had been made by the court before Mr. Mehta was ordered to be extradited.

Mr. Desai submitted that the Act under which extradition was sought was the Foreign Jurisdiction Extradition Act. There was no such Act. The caste of the accused and his address were also not mentioned and so there could be many persons in Bombay who fitted the inadequate description.

Hence a person arrested under this warrant could not be deemed to be in legal custory. He submitted that the warrant under such circumstances must not be executed.

The hearing was adjourned to June 17.

Mr. Y. B. Rege and Mr. E. B Ghaswalla, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Bayley and Co., appeared for the complainant, Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai Mr. S. G. Velinker with Mr. C. N. Kanuga instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, appeared for Mr. Mehta.

CITY MARKETS

BOMBAY, May 15.

SHARES:—The share market opened steadier but sentiment being pessimistic, there was increased selling pressure and prices dropped further. But later on prices recovered partially.

Tata Steel Defds. opened around Rs. 2,130 and declined to Rs. 2,110 while Ordinaries after keeping steady at Rs. 407 eased off to Rs. 404-8. Bombay Dyeing after changing hands at Rs. 1,940 reacted to Rs. 1,927 but came up to Rs. 1,933. Kohinoor were easy at Rs. 648, Nagpur Rs. 430, Svadeshi 577, India United Ordinaries Rs. 17-12 x.d. and Defd. Rs. 3-12 x.d., Indian Irons were placed at Rs. 36-3 and Bengal Steel Rs. 28. Associated Cements ruled quiet at Rs. 232-8.

Tata Steel Defd 2123-12, Ordinary 406, Bombay Dyeing 1937-8, Kohinoor 653, Nagpur 434, Swadeshi 580, Gokak 338, Colaba 231-8, India United Old Xd 17-12, Defd Xd 3-11, Central Bank Rs. 75-8, India 179, Reserve Bank 135, Belapur 246, Scindia 34, New India Rs. 78-12, Jupiter Rs. 38-4, Indian Iron 36-3, Bengal Steel 28, B I C 6-4, 3-1/2 I Paper 98-14.

GOLD & SILVER:—The bullion market ruled steady Silver especially owing to shortage of floating stock was firm at Rs. 137-12 for weekly delivery. Gold moved narrowly and was quoted at Rs. 75-5.

COTTON:—Owing to the death of a member, the cotton market remained closed to-day and I. C. C. July expectation was about Rs. 432-8.

Cotton Tenders today amounted to 1000 bales, thus following 24,200 bales till date.

SATURDAY'S HIGH & COW RATES.

I. C. C. May highest 418, lowest 415-1/2, close 418; I. C. C. July highest 432-1/2, lowest 428-1/4, close 431-3/4; I. C. C. September highest 443, lowest 438-1/2, close 441-3/4.

COTTON PARITY:—I. C. C. July is below New York July 389 cent points at Exchange 331.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 13.

After initial decline on the continuance of nervous liquidation, the market rallied on mill price-fixing against textile contracts and local covering. The volume of trading was small with traders awaiting further foreign developments. The market closed very steady.

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, May 15.

Jarilla Extra Spr-fine 439 Sup 429 Fine 419 F Good 409
Broach Extra Spr-fine 434 Sup 429 Fine 424 F Good 419
Surti Extra Spr-fine 565 Sup 560 Fine 555 F Good 550
4 F Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 477 Sup 472 Fine 467 F Good 462
L S S Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 520 Sup 515 Fine 510 F Good 509
289 F Pun/American Extra Spr-fine 570 Sup 565 Fine 560 F Good 555
Saw-Gd 4 F Extra Spr-fine 512 Sup 507 Fine 502 F Good 497
Saw-Gd L S S Extra Spr-fine 565 Sup 560 Fine 555 F Good 550
Saw-Gd 289 F Extra Spr-fine 620 Sup 615 Fine 610 F Good 605
M G N-T Extra Spr-fine 510 Sup 505 Fine 500 F Good 495
Saw-Gd N T Sid/Ame Extra Spr-fine 650 Sup 545 Fine 540 F Good 535

COTTON READY QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 15.

Khandesh Jarilla New 290/365
Berar Jarilla New 370/390
2289 F Jarilla New 525/545
N T Jarilla New 480/490
289 F Saw-ginned New 600/610

MAGISTRATE ACQUITS BANK CASHIER

BOMBAY, Monday.

Kundanlal Pritamlal Desai, Cashier of the International Bank of India, at Shaik Memon Street, who was arrested about a month back on a charge of cheating in respect of Rs. 5,000 was directed to be discharged today by Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

The Princess Street Police made an application for the accused's discharge stating that there was no evidence to connect him with the offence.

Mr. Rananiklal S Dharia appeared for the accused.

Food Situation In Kolhapur

KOLHAPUR, May 15: Mr. Rodrick Parkes, Secretary to the Resident for Kolhapur and the Deccan States, met journalists of the Deccan States and explained the food situation in the States.

He assured the journalists that adequate supplies were being obtained and the Residency was determined to see that the States people did not suffer from want of food.

He added that rationing would be introduced soon in the towns of Kolhapur, Sangli and Miraj.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

This country has waited with baited breath for twenty-one months for the day of Mahatma Gandhiji's release. Men and women have lived through the days of his fast with a heavy heart. Yet on the day of his release pressmen were not even given so much as a view of the man for whom so much anxiety was felt. One has to bow to the doctors' judgment without questioning—nor do we question it. But when the doctors can see their way, they should bear in mind that the first "darshan" of the Mahatma is the privilege of the Press, not for the sake of the pressmen but for the thousands of people to whom those reports will reach.

* * *

Reporting from the Kohima Front, Mr. D. R. Mankekar, the A.P.I. War Correspondent, said the other day: "... An idea of our progress may be gained from the fact that whereas on the eve of the present battle the Japanese held three-fourths of the Kohima area, to-day our forces are holding more than half."

* * *

Surely, dear Mr. Mankekar, on the eve of the battle of Kohima, Kohima was entirely in our hands?

* * *

Last week's ENSA show "Love in the Mist" was a great improvement on their rendering of "Private Lives." The play itself was weak but this sort of Aldwych farce suited the players and the "playees". The Duck Farmer's wife in "Love in the Mist" stole the play. She was quite West End. ENSA might now consider playing "George and Margaret". It would go down well here.

BHARAT INVESTMENT TRUST, LTD.

37, Montgomery Road, LAHORE.
has made money for its shareholders & clients.
And so it can for you.
BEST CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY DURING WAR.
For particulars please apply to
SECRETARY.

The Story of Tea No. 7

At a Darjeeling estate, the carefully sealed chests are loaded on to sturdy ponies and wend their way to the nearest rail-head.

FAREWELL TO THE FACTORY

The six factory processes accomplished (withering, rolling, fermenting, drying, sifting and sorting) the tea is now ready for the journey to our blending centre.

Before being packed into the familiar chests, the tea is subjected to a final quick drying, to remove any moisture which it may have absorbed during the final stages.

On arrival at the blending and packaging centre, experts are ready to select those choice blends of Brooke Bond Tea, well-known for their flavour and freshness.

Brooke Bond

BB. 3398.

Hold that Smile!

Don't neglect your child's health. At the first sign of teething or stomach disorders, give him **Alembic Gripe Cure**

Alembic Gripe Cure is a capital remedy for children's disorders such as, griping, acidity, flatulence, etc., and gives instant relief. Always keep a bottle in the home.

Obtainable at all leading chemists.

GRIPE CURE
ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD. BARODA.

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Government of Maharashtra
on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD
MINIMUM RS. 1|8|-
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

Ceylonese Tamil Hindu Bridegroom required, 25-34 well educated employed for C. T. H. girl, 24, matriculate teacher music, handsome. Dowry. Apply in confidence Box 8829, "Bombay Chronicle", Bombay.

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited by an old Life Insurance Office for the post of temporary clerks. Minimum educational qualification should be Matric. Preference will be given to candidates who can write neatly and legibly and are quick at figures. Salary offered Rs. 45|- plus Rs. 25|- dearness allowance. For filling in permanent posts preference will be given to those temporary clerks whose work is neat and efficient. Apply to Box No. 8845, "Bombay Chronicle."

Applications are invited by an old Life Insurance Office for the post of Stenographers. Salary according to speed, ability and experience. Apply stating full particulars with copies of any recent testimonials to Box No. 8844, 'Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Matron, Senior certificated in General Nursing and Midwifery, for Ramkrishna Mission Maternity Hospital, 99 Lansdowne Road, Calcutta. Graded Salary Rs. 200 to Rs. 250 per month including food and other allowances. Free furnished room with light and fan for quarters. Apply immediately to Secretary, stating age, experience and nationality. 8831

Applications are invited for the posts of Veterinary Assistant Surgeons in Civil Veterinary department, Alwar State. Posts are permanent and pensionable in the grade of Rs. 50-5-80—5/2-120. Free house or house rent. Will be guided by State rules, as regards T. A. leave and pension. Apply to the Chief Veterinary Officer, Alwar, (Rajputana) by the 5th June, 1944. 8842

Wanted Clerk, knowing Office Routine. Typing and Gujarati. Apply Box No 4900, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—A Secretary for the Bombay Branch of a well-established life assurance company of South India with three successful valuations. Business guarantee essential. Appointment on salary basis. Only experienced persons need apply. Box No. 8820, 'Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted at once an efficient Typist with neat hand and knowledge of office routine. Open to either sex. Salary up to Rs. 60 plus 10 per cent Dearness Allowance. Apply to Box No. 8804 "Bombay Chronicle"

M. T. B. College—Applications with testimonials stating age, qualifications, experience and minimum salary are invited for the post of a Professor (Lecturer of (1 English, (2) History Economics & Geography, (3) Botany, (4) French, (5) Mathematics, (6) Chemistry; and also for the posts of Demonstrators in Physics, Chemistry and Biology, so as to reach the Principal on or before the 1st June, 1944. Posts 1 to 4 are permanent; but the appointments will be up to 31st March 1945, in the first instance. Vacancies in Mathematics and Chemistry are temporary and appointments will be made upto 9th November, in the first instance. 8717

FLATS WANTED

Wanted a Block of 2 to 4 rooms by a Hindu family man in decent locality, nearer Docks preferred. Reward to finder. Reply Box No. 4914, "Bombay Chronicle"

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Forms may yet be sent for Senior Cambridge Examination. Non-Matriculates eligible. Mathematics, Second Language omissible. Oral/Postal training. Bombay Tutorial College, opposite Jermahal, Dhobi Talao. 4913

MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted One New or Second-hand Electrolytic Bleaching Plant having a capacity to produce 25 gallons per hour of the Bleaching Liquor. Write with full particulars and lowest price and place of inspection to Box No. 4904 "Bombay Chronicle".

DIAMOND & JEWELLERY

Diamond Jewellery (Secondhand) purchased at better price. Chunilal & Co., 17, Dhunjee Street, Near Diamond Merchants' Association. Mumbadevi. Time 4 to 7 (Sunday closed). 4811

PUBLIC NOTICES

IRON AND STEEL CONTROL TO ALL STEEL CONSUMERS

Persons holding licences under the Iron and Steel (Control of Distribution) Order 1941, authorising them to acquire Steel during Period III, 1944 (July, August, September) are reminded that the latest date for acceptance of their orders on Producers by the Iron and Steel Controller is May 31, 1944. The Iron and Steel Controller will not accept indents licensed for period III received after this date and the licensee is liable to lose his claim to the Steel which he has been authorised to acquire.

8835

G. I. P. RAILWAY

THE DIVISIONAL ENGINEER, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay invites tenders upto 12 hours on 23-5-1944 for constructing quarters and office for Pipe Line between Bombay and Igatpuri. The Form of Tender, Schedule and Conditions of Contract can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2 per set. Plans for the work will be supplied on an additional payment of Rs. 3 being made. These sums will not be refunded. 8832

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 per inch

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

(Munitions Production Branch)
Calcutta.

PIPE CONTROL ORDER

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED for general information that with effect from the 12th May, 1944, the Iron & Steel Controller will be entrusted with the duties assigned to the "Controller" under the Pipe Control Order, 1942. On and after that date, all applications in respect of the aforesaid Order should therefore, be addressed to that Officer as follows:

"THE IRON & STEEL CONTROLLER,
(Pipe Section)
100, Clive Street,
Calcutta."

AKHTAR HUSAIN,
Deputy Secretary to the
Govt. of India.
(8836)

THE OKHA SALT WORKS, LTD.

In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT 1913
and
In the matter of THE OKHA SALT WORKS, LTD.
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a GENERAL MEETING of the members of the abovenamed Company will be held at the Office of Messrs. Tata Chemicals, Ltd., Bombay House, Bruce Street, Fort, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 17th day of June, 1944 at 1-45 o'clock in the afternoon for the transaction of the following business viz:

for the purpose of laying before them pursuant to Section 208(D) of the Indian Companies Act 1913 an account of acts and dealings of the Liquidators and of the conduct of the winding-up during the year ending the 31st day of December, 1943 and also for the purpose of laying before them a statement in the form containing the particulars prescribed under the said Section 208(D) with respect to the position of the Liquidation.

Bombay, dated this 16th day of May, 1944.

N. M. RAIJI.
M. B. GADEKAR,
Joint Liquidators.
THE OKHA SALT WORKS LTD.,
(In Voluntary Liquidation.)

To all members of the Company and in particular to Alfred Boller, Devbhai Haribhai Patel, Otto Manz, Ernst Rutz.

8828

EMPIRE OF INDIA LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. BOMBAY

NOTICE HAVING BEEN GIVEN of the loss of Policy numbered 199772 on the life of Mr. Ganesh Parashuram Upadhye of Bombay, a fresh policy in lieu thereof will be issued unless objection is lodged with the Company within one month from this date.

Bombay, 16th May, 1944.
E. E. ALLUM,
Manager.
(4905)

THE SUPREME MUTUAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

POONA CITY

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SUPREME MUTUAL ASSURANCE CO., LTD., will be held at the Company's Head Office at 7, Nagesh Peth, Poona City on the 3rd of June, 1944, at 2-30 p.m., to transact the following business:—

(1). To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December 1943.

(2). To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

(3). To elect Director in place of the Director who retires as per the provisions of Sec. 38 of the Articles of Association of the Company. Mr. S. P. Athavale retires this year, by rotation and is eligible for re-election and offers himself for the same.

(4) To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting with the permission of the Chairman.

Notice is further given that the following resolution will be moved as Special Resolutions at the said meeting.

(5). Resolved that in clause 3 of the Articles of Association, after the interpretation stating "Dividend includes Bonus" the following interpretation shall be added.

"Managers, shall mean and indicate, Mr. V. N. Mysore, M.A., LL.B., Manager and Ex-Officio Director of the Company".

(6). Resolved further that the following shall be added as subclause (a) to clause 4 of the Articles of Association.

"Messrs Shreekant & Co., having assigned all their rights, title and interest proposed to be given to them under the Articles of Association, to and in favour of Mr. V. N. Mysore, M.A., LL.B., of Poona, and the Board of Directors having approved of the same, Mr. V. N. Mysore's appointment as the Manager and Ex-officio Director is approved and ratified. He shall enjoy all the duty, rights and liabilities to be enjoyed by the Managers, as per the Articles of Association.

By order of the Board of Directors.
V. N. MYSORE,
Manager.

Poona,
dated 12th May 1944.
8834

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

COMMERCE, LABOUR & INDUSTRIES DEPARTMENT,
(Industries Branch)

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates of all communities to fill up six posts of Special Officers cum Secretaries, Post-war Reconstruction Sub-Committees dealing with the subjects of (1) Agriculture, (2) Public Health, (3) Transport, (4) Industrial Development, (5) Electricity and (6) Co-operative movement under the Post-war Reconstruction Committee, Bengal. Three of these posts will be filled up by Muslims, two by non-Muslims other than Scheduled Castes and one by non-Muslim Scheduled Caste. The above reservation is however, subject to the over-riding consideration that persons with requisite qualifications are available.

The appointments will be temporary for a period of one year to begin with and the pay will vary according to qualifications from Rs. 500|- to 1000|- per mensem. The appointments will be made by selection from among the candidates preferably retired officials or non-officials possessing the qualifications specified below.

(1) Must be a British subject or the subject of an Indian State who has received declaration under Section 262(2) of the Government of India Act, 1935. Preference will be given to natives of Bengal or persons permanently domiciled in this Province.

(2) No age limit.

(3) (a) the Special Officer of the AGRICULTURE Sub-Committee—Must possess an Agricultural Degree, preferably with post-graduate training and ten or twelve years' experience in a Department of Agriculture in India.

(b) the Special Officer of the PUBLIC HEALTH Sub-Committee—Must have sufficient experience of muffasil life in east and west Bengal. Must possess Diploma in Public Health or medicine and have practical experience of Public Health or medical work in rural areas. Should have practical interest in rural welfare and village improvement and administrative and office experience.

(c) the Special Officer of the TRANSPORT Sub-Committee—Must be an expert with special knowledge of the problems of transport (including Civil Aviation) in this country, particularly in Bengal. (Details of special work or study in the line and educational attainments should be furnished by the applicants.

(d) the Special Officer of the Industrial Development Sub-Committee—
Must possess high University Degree (either Indian or Foreign) in Economics. Must have considerable experience in handling economic and industrial data, and in drafting reports on industries and allied problems. Preference will be given to those have done research and original work.

(e) the Special Officer of the ELECTRICITY Sub-Committee—Must possess a Degree or Diploma in Electrical Engineering of a recognised British or Indian University. Must have practical experience in an Electrical Engineering Workshops or an Electrical Power Station for at least five years. Should have knowledge of grid systems, hydro-electric schemes thermal generations as well as generation and transmission of electricity in England and the continent.

(f) the Special Officer of the Co-operative Movement Sub-Committee—
Must be a graduate of a recognised University. Should be actively associated with the co-operative movements in India in all its spheres including propaganda organisations finance (higher finance as managed by Provincial Bank and Central Banks) and statistics for a period of not less than 5 years. Must have made extensive study of co-operative literature dealing with the development and progress of the movement in India and abroad. Should also be acquainted with the economic conditions and practices both throughout India and elsewhere. Should know the principles and methods of Joint Stock Banking. Officers below the ranks of Assistant Registrars or Deputy Registrars now serving in the Co-operative Department in any Province will not be eligible for the post.

Each candidate must furnish evidence of his qualifications and previous experience together with two certificates, written not more than one year prior to the date of his application from two responsible persons not related to him nor connected with him by marriage, testifying to his private character.

The application should be addressed to the Secretary Post-war Reconstruction Committee, Bengal, Pollock House, Pollock Street, Calcutta and should reach him not later than the 23rd May, 1944.

Every candidate should give his present address and should communicate any subsequent change of address expeditiously.

Any attempt on the part of the candidate to enlist support for his application through persons of influence or officials of Government will disqualify him for appointment. Spontaneous recommendations from persons interested in the candidates or otherwise known to them, will be disregarded.

SECRETARY,
Post-war Reconstruction,
Committee, Bengal.
Pollock House,
Pollock Street,
Dated: Calcutta,
The 6th May, 1944.
(8833)

THE STEEL CORPORATION OF BENGAL, LIMITED.

11th May, 1944.

NOTICE.

IN VIEW of the uncertainty of Mails from and to the United Kingdom the publication of the Directors' Report and the Accounts of the Steel Corporation of Bengal, Limited, for the year, ended 31st December, 1943, which are to be published simultaneously in India and England, will be delayed. All possible steps are, however, being taken to have matters expedited. In order to enable shareholders to obtain payment of their dividends as soon as possible, however, the Directors have sanctioned the payment by way of an 'ad-interim' dividend of Annas eight per share on the Ordinary Shares of the Corporation ranking for dividend for the year ended 31st December, 1943, which, shareholders must understand, will be the final dividend for the year. The Transfer Books of the Corporation will be closed from 2nd to 16th June, 1944, both days inclusive. Payments will be made on and after 30th June, to those members or their mandatees whose names appear in the registers on the 1st June, 1944.

By Order of the Board,
BURN & CO.,
Managing Agents.
(8827)

THE UNITED COMMERCIAL BANK LIMITED

2, Royal Exchange Place,
CALCUTTA

NOTICE

SOME SHAREHOLDERS having informed us that Notice of the First Annual General Meeting of the Bank, dated 19th April, 1944, sent along with the Balance Sheet and Directors Report had not been received by them in time, please note that the meeting called for the 15th May, 1944, has been CANCELLED and will now be held on the 12th June, 1944, at 5 p.m. at 2, ROYAL EXCHANGE PLACE, CALCUTTA. The agenda for the Meeting will be the same as per Notice, dated the 19th April, 1944, already sent.

By order of the Board.
B. T. THAKUR,
General Manager.
Calcutta, 10th May 1944.
8830

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(DIVISION III)

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF DIRECTOR OF PURCHASE

SUPPLY OF EDIBLE GROUNDNUTS ROASTED (WITH SHELLS) AND UNROASTED GROUNDNUTS (WITHOUT SHELLS)

(1) The Chief Director of Purchase, Food Department (Div. III), New Delhi invites tenders for supplies from Madras Province, Central Provinces and Berar, Hyderabad State (Deccan) and the Kathiawar States only for the following:—

(2) TENDER No. Q|429:—For supply of 2370 tons edible groundnuts Roasted (with shells), and 5,000 tons Unroasted Groundnuts (without shells).

(3) TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED UPTO 13-6-1944.

(4) Tender forms can be had free of charge from the Chief Director of Purchase, Food Department, New Delhi, or from the Controller of Supplies, Strand House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay and Controller of Supplies, United India Life Assurance Building, Esplanade, Madras.

(5) Tenderers who are not already on the list of approved contractors in the Food Department for groundnuts must state in their application for tender forms, the name or names of their Bankers.

(6) Applications for tender forms will be received upto 22-5-1944.

New Delhi:—
10-5-1944.
(8843)

AUCTION SALES

MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 16th May, 1944, at 2-30 P.M Sewree Cotton Depot, near Fire Brigade Station by order of the Insurance Office concerned, 1522 Bales cotton damaged by fire and water.

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that JEHANGIR PESTONJI PRESS, BEHRAMJI PESTONJI PRESS, DINYAR SORABJI MISTRY and DARA RUSTOMJI PRESS, all of Bombay Parsis, the present Trustees of the Trust Deed, dated 7th December 1918, executed by the late Mr. Pestonji Byramji Press have contracted to sell the undermentioned properties to our client. Any person having any claim in or to the said properties or either of them or any part thereof respectively by way of sale, exchange, mortgage, gift, trust, inheritance, maintenance possession, lease, lien, easement or otherwise is hereby required to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at No. 14 K, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, and to the Assessor of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

FIRST:—All that piece of Leasehold land, admeasuring 455 5|9 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuages, tenements and buildings thereon, situate at the junction of Frere Road and Mangalore Street in Bombay, registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 8480, New Survey No. 8480 and Cadastral Survey No. 1178 of Fort Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward Nos. 1878, 2693(1-2), Street Nos. 279 and 34-38, Frere Road and Manglore Street, and bounded on the East by land in the occupation of Pestonji Byramji Press on the West partly by Frere Road and partly by land formerly in the occupation of the Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Ltd., but now of the Caxton Press on the North partly by the property hereinafter secondly described and partly by land formerly in the occupation of the Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Ltd., but now of the Caxton Press, and on the South by Mangalore Street.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of leasehold land, admeasuring 851 1|9 square yards or thereabouts together with the messuages tenements and buildings thereon situate at Kumpta Street in Bombay and registered by the Collector of land Revenue under No. 8480, New Survey No. 8480 and Cadastral Survey No. 1181 of Fort Division and assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under A Ward Nos. 2701(A) to 2704, Street Nos. 14, 7, 11, 19, 21, 23, and 25, Mangalore Street and Kumpta Street and bounded, on the East by land in the occupation of Pestonji Cursetji Pir, on the West by land formerly in the occupation of the Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co., Ltd., but now of the Caxton Press on the North by Kumpta Street and on the South partly by the property of Merwanji Dadabhoy Hormusji Dubash and Pestonji Byramji Press and partly by the property first hereinbefore described.

Dated this 15th day of May, 1944.

MERWANJI KOLA & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8837)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ALIMAHOMED HAJI ABDULLA has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. All persons having any claim against or to the said property of whatsoever kind or nature are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within Fourteen Days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

All that piece of (redeemed) freehold land with building standing thereon, situate at the junction of Rajwadekar Street and Gun Carriage Street in Bombay, admeasuring 150 Sq. yds. bearing Cadastral Survey No. 240 of Colaba Division and Municipal "A" Ward Nos. 634 and 873 and Street Nos. 1 to 7 and bounded on the East by Gun Carriage Lane, on the West by Rajwadekar Street, on the North by Municipal ground and on the South by Thomas Street.

Dated 15th day of May, 1944.
GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(8840

PUBLIC NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM ALL CONCERNED that my client Mr. ANANT RAMCHANDRA KAMAT, Proprietor of Shree Ramkrishna Hotel, situated at Mazgaon, opp. Mazgaon Post Office, Bombay, owes no debt to anybody. As however some mischief has been played with my said client, if any person claims to recover any amount from my client, such persons are hereby called upon to make such claims in writing with the proofs thereof to my client within Fifteen days from date hereof, failing which, claims, if any, against my client will be considered as waived.

Bombay, 15th May, 1944.

P. M. KENIA,
Advocate, High Court,
Advocate for Mr. A. R. Kamat.
8839

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Summary Suit No. 215 of 1943.

LALCHAND NEMCHAND ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
NATWARLAL HIRALAL SHAH ..... Defendant.

To,
NATVARLAL HIRALAL SHAH,
The Defendant.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the plaintiff has instituted the above suit under Rule 2, Order 37 of the Civil Procedure Code to recover from you Rs. 4,828-10-0 due on Promissory Note, dated 14-2-1940 passed by you to him, interest, costs, interest on judgment. You are summoned to cause appearance to be entered within 10 days from the service hereof, in default the plaintiff will be entitled to a Decree as prayed.

If you enter appearance plaintiff will take out summons for judgment when you can ask for leave to defend.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight Chief Justice at Bombay this 20th day of February, 1943.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
for Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,

This 20th day of February, 1943.

Messrs. KANGA & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
(8841)

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT SOPARI BAUG ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Divekar & Co., Attorneys for the owner Messrs. MISTRY & Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction the property described below on the premises on SATURDAY, the 3rd day of June, 1944, at 4-30 p. m. (N.S.T.).

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Government Toka land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being on the Sopari Baug Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 535 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under New No. 6115, New Survey No. part 1D| 2563, Cadastral Survey No. 104 of Parel-Sewri Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under F. Ward No. 133 (2 a) and Street No. 284-286, Sopari Baug Road and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the East by Sopari Baug Road, on or towards the West by the property of Pirojshaw Jamshedji Todiwalla on or towards the North by the property of the Late Dr S S Batliwalla, on or towards the South by the private passage.

For further particulars and conditions of the sale please apply to the undersigned or Messrs. DIVEKER & Co., Attorneys, 14 Hummam Street, Fort.

MISTRY & CO.,
75, Apollo Street
Tel. No. 22801.

For Best Service In Share Business
For Purchase of Shares at Lowest Rates
For Sale of Shares at Highest Rates

Please write to:—

DELHI SHARE DEALERS SYNDICATE, LTD.

Tropical Buildings, Connaught Circus,
Box No. 89, NEW DELHI.

(Chairman:—Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, M.A.LL.B., Bar-at-law, M.L.A. (Central) Representative Labour Conference, Philadelphia)

DESPITE THE 'ACTS OF GOD'

In less than five minutes the Bihar Earthquake of 1934 accounted for the loss of over 7,000 human lives in addition to a considerable destruction of property.

The actual loss of life will never be known, but it is quite certain that a considerable number of able bodied earning members of the families in affected areas perished; and the damage to property denied their surviving dependants of whatever financial security they possessed.

Ruby General policy protects against such 'acts of God'. There is no other way by which you can guard yourself and your family. The strong foundations on which Ruby General Insurance Co. Ltd., is established coupled with the business ability of the management, offer you the best possible protection and security.

RUBY GENERAL INSURANCE CO., LTD.

TRANSACT BUSINESS COVERING LIFE, FIRE, MARINE AND ACCIDENT RISKS.

Chairman: B. M. BIRLA, Esq.

Head Office: 8, Royal Exchange Place, Calcutta.

DIVISIONAL OFFICE: Imperial Bank Annexe Bldg., Fort, Bombay.
AHMEDABAD OFFICE: Karanj Bhadra.
SURAT OFFICE: Kanpith.
BARODA OFFICE: Diwali Bhuvan, Raopura.
RAJKOT OFFICE: Civil Station.
WARDHA OFFICE: Gandhi Chowk.

RG. 3613

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